EYFS	Autumn Term	Spring Term	Summer Term	ELG
	All About Me	Under the Sea Fairy Tales	Mini Beasts & Growing	
	Celebrations		Wild Animals	
C&L Listening, Attention and Understanding	-Learn basic skills for listening during whole class carpet time using the prompts good looking, good listening and good sitting.  -Using listening skills to complete simple listening activities.  -Begin to understand why listening is important.  -Listen to short stories and poems.  -Listen to and talk about stories to build a familiarity and understanding.  -Engage in story time and join in with repeated phrases.  -Understand why listening is important.  -Describe and recall simple events.  -Begin to ask simple questions in response to what they have heard  -Begin to hold simple conversations and wait their turn.	-Listen and answer simple questions about a story which has been read to them.  -Engage in story time and make comments about events and characters in a story. Ask simple questions about what they have heard or seen to find out more. Describe some events in detail.  -Hold short conversations with their peers responding appropriately to what has been said to them.	-Ask questions like who, what and why to find out more and to check they understanding of what has been said to them.	ELG -Children at the expected level of development will:  Listen attentively and respond to what they hear with relevant questions, comments and actions when being read to and during whole class discussions and small group interactions.  Make comments about what they have heard and ask questions to clarify their understanding.  Hold conversations when engaged in back -and -forth exchanges with their teacher and peers.
C&L	-Learn new vocabulary to describe and	-Learn and use new vocabulary in their	-Use new vocabulary in different in	ELG
Speaking	label the school routines.  - Learn new specific vocabulary related to topic.  -Learn new vocabulary to describe the toys and objects in the classroom. To label objects and their purpose.  -Develop and use social phrases to express their needs.  -Use simple social phrases.  - Use talk to help organise their thinking to explain and describe events, objects and feelings.  - Sequence events when talking about own experiences or recalling a simple event.  - Communicate in short sentences.	discussionsArticulate their ideas into well-formed sentencesExpress their ideas and feelings using full sentencesBegin to connect ideas together using some connectives.	different contexts.  -Use familiar vocabulary and thing of different words that mean the same thing.  -Use talk to help work out problems and organise thinking and activities.  -Explain how things work and why they happen.  -Express their ideas and feelings about their experiences using full sentences, including use past, present and future tenses  -Begin to connect ideas together using some connectives - and, then, because.  -Learn rhymes, poems and songs	Children at the expected level of development will: Participate in small group, class and one-to-one discussions, offering their own ideas, using recently introduced vocabulary. Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced from stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate. Express their ideas and feelings about their experiences using full sentences, including use of past, present and future tenses and making use of conjunction, with modelling and support from their teacher.

PSED Self - Regulation	- Communicate using longer sentences of four to six wordsExpress their own ideas using words, phrases and gesturesExpress their needs using appropriate vocabulary and phrases.  -To begin to name feelings and how this makes them feel -Mood Monsters -Identify and moderate their own feelings socially and emotionally.  Circle time Happy Sad Angry Nervous Excited	-To know that we all experience different feelings.  Circle time What can I do if I feel angry? What can I do if I am feeling sad? What can I do if I am feeling worried?	-See themselves as a valuable individual.  Circle time Change - moving into year1	ELG Children at the expected level of development will: Shaw and understanding of their own feelings and those of others, and begin to regulate their behaviour accordingly. Set and work towards simple goal, being able to wait for what they want and control their immediate impulses when appropriate. Give focused attention to what the teacher says, responding appropriately even when engaged in activity, and show an ability to follow instructions involving several ideas or actions.
PSED Managing Self	-To know that we have rules to keep us safe  Circle time Why do we need rules? What are our school rules? Why are they important?	-Show resilience and perseverance in the face of challengeUnderstand a healthy lifestyle  Circle time Manners - why is it important to have good manners, what are good manners Road safety - How can we stay safe? Exercise - why is exercise important? Sleep - why is sleep important? Celebrating being -'us' Dropping litter	-Manage their own needsProblem solve conflicts  Circle time Solving conflicts - social stories Recycling - why we should recycle?	ELG Children at the expected level of development will: Be confident to try new activities and show independence, resilience and persevere in the face of challenge. Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly. Manage their own basic hygiene and personal needs, including dressing, going to the toilet and understanding the importance of healthy food choices
PSED building relationships	-To understand what a family is and that families are different	-Build constructive and respectful relationships.	-Develop their sense of responsibility and membership of a community.	ELG Children at the expected level of

	-Develop basic understanding of		-OA Circle of trust	development will:
	friendship	Circle Time	-OA Circle of Trust	Work and play cooperatively and take
	-OA circle of love		Cinala tima	turns with others.
		Being a good friend (qualities) - what	Circle time	
	-Work co-operatively with friends	makes a good friend, what makes a bad	Belonging to our class -continued	Form positive attachments to adults
	a	friend	How we can be considerate?	and friendships with peers.
	Circle time	Belonging to our class - Who is in our	Who can we trust?	Show sensitivity to their own and
	My family - naming family members,	class? How do we include everyone in	How we look after our school?	others' needs.
	know how families are different	our class? How do we look after one	(community) = not dropping litter, being	
	My friends - identifying what a friend	another?	respectful etc	
	does, how they make you feel and our	Thinking carefully about the words we		
	friends	use - Why are kind words important?		
	We are all different - exploring			
	differences and celebrating them.			
PD	<u>Fundamental skills</u>	<u>Ball skills</u>	Games	ELG
Gross Motor	To develop fundamental skills:	-To develop fundamental skills: (ball	-To develop fundamental skills to play a	Children at the expected level of
Skills	balancing	skills)	variety of simple games.	development will:
	running	throwing	-To be able to work as part of a team.	Negotiate space and obstacles safely,
	changing direction	catching	-To be able to take it in turns to	with consideration for themselves and
	jumping	rolling a ball	complete an activity.	others.
	hopping	using targets	- To learn how to keep score in a simple	Demonstrate strength, balance and
	travelling	dribbling a ball	games.	coordination when playing.
		kicking a ball	-To follow the rules to play a simple	Move energetically, such as running,
	-To be able to find a space.	bouncing a ball	game.	jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping
	-To freeze on command.	-To play simple games using ball skills.	-To play against an opponent.	and climbing.
	-To be able to use and share equipment.	-To use simple tactics to play a game.		_
	-To develop fundamental skills: running,		Dance	
	jumping, skipping.	Spatial awareness	-To explore travelling movements,	
	-To learn how to stay safe using space,	-To be able to negotiate space when	shapes and balances.	
	work independently and working with a	jogging around an area avoiding	-To combine movements together.	
	partner.	obstacles and other children.	Learn to create sequences involving	
	-Use large climbing equipment to		movement and balance.	
	develop shoulder strength and balance.	Gymnastics	-Children choose their own movements	
	Use ribbons to support & develop	-Develop activities that develop overall	to build a sequence.	
	shoulder strength	body strength and coordination and	-Children copy, repeat and remember	
	-Take part in activities where we cross	agility.	actions.	
	the mid line. (Brain gym)	-To jump and land safely using a variety	-To count to a beat to keep in time with	
	-Be able to move in different ways -	of different jumps - pencil, star, tuck.	a piece of music.	
	crawling forwards and backwards,	-To be able to perform simple rolls.	-To perform to others and begin to	
	slithering, sliding. (Developing core	-To copy create and remember short	provide simple feedback.	
	muscles).	sequences.	<u>'</u>	
		• •	provide simple feedback.	

PD Fine Motor Skills	-Draw large shapes and lines using gross motor movements.  -To walk/ jog around fixed obstacles (negotiate space)  -To be able to balance when standing still on a beam/ stepping stone.  -Be able to skip.  -To know a variety of different jumps - pencil, star  -To develop hopping skills  1 foot to 2 feet  2 feet to 1 foot  1 foot to 1 foot  Spatial awareness  -To be able to negotiate space when jogging around an area avoiding obstacles.  -To hold a pencil using a tripod grip.  -To make marks and draw lines using pencil.  -To use a pencil to draw prewriting symbols (starting with a vertical line)  -To use different mark making tools - egg shaped crayons, chalk, paint brushes.  -To make snips in the paper using scissors. To cut along a straight line.  -To hold our scissors correctly.  (scissors support with training scissors)  -To hold a paintbrush correctly.  -Begin to use tools safely and with confidence spoon, knife and fork.  -To be able to fasten our coats and jackets -	-Accurate letter formation -To take part in finger gym activities to strengthen wrists and handsBegin to use tools safely and with confidence - play dough tools, scissors, tweezers -To cut out simple shapes using scissorsTo establish and promote good pencil grip (tripod in most cases) -To form some letters correctly starting and finishing in the correct placeTo use a range of resources competently to pour and transport objects from one container to another.	Spatial awareness -To be able to safely negotiate space when running, walk, jumping, skipping around the outdoor area.  -Use a range of tools competently and with confidence: Pencils Scissors Tweezers Knives Forks Modelling tools -Promote good pencil grip (tripod grip in most cases) -Develop a fluent style of handwriting.	ELG: Children at the expected level of development will: Hold a pencil effectively in preparation for fluent writing - using the tripod grip in almost all cases. Use a range of small tools, including scissors, paint brushes and cutlery. Begin to show accuracy and care when drawing.
PD Self-care	-Practise fastening large buttons -Practise moving zips up and down.  Oral health -To understand how to look after my teeth and why it is important	Oral health -To know how to look after my teeth.	Healthy eating and exercise -To explain why my body needs exercise and why it is important.	ELG Know and talk about the different factors that support their overall

	-To know how to brush my teeth by myself. (Oral hygiene workshop to be delivered to parent).  Healthy eating & Exercise -To understand I need a range of different foods in my dietTo try a range of fruit and vegetablesTo know why regular exercise is importantTo take part in physical activities with my class.  Following routines and staying safe -To be able to line up one behind the	Healthy eating & Exercise -To identify which foods I should eat more ofTo identify which foods are treats and I need less ofTo take part in physical activity with my class - PE lessons.  Following routines and staying safe -To be able to line up one behind the otherTo take part in lunch time using and to feed myself competentlyTo wash my hands independentlyTo understand road safety and how to stay safe outside of school.	Health -To understand why sleep is so important.  Online Safety/screen time -To know how to stay safe online. (Parent workshop - online safety and screen time)  Following routines and staying safe -To meet my own care needs - e.g. know how to cool myself downTo follow the school routine.	health and wellbeing:  Regular physical activity Healthy eating Toothbrushing Sensible amounts of screen time Having a good sleep routine Being a safe pedestrian Further develop the skills they need to manage the school day successfully: Lining up and queuing Mealtimes Personal hygiene
	otherTo take part in lunch time using and to feed myself competentlyTo wash my hands independentlyTo use the toilet independently.	(Road safety workshop for children and parents with A*) (Workshop for parents on car seats and seat belts).		
Literacy Comprehension	-Listen attentively to a short story. Begin to answer simple questions -Listen to a variety of stories and talk about the characters. Join in with repeated phrases.	-Listen to stories and predict what might happen and begin to link their own experiences to stories.	-Listen to stories and answers questions about the setting and characters	ELG Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary. Anticipate where appropriate key events in stories.
Literacy Word Reading knowledge, including some common exception words.	-Begin to recognise and blend with m a s d t sounds & Word Time 1! -Recognise first name and some environmental printRead set 1 sounds and Word Time 5! Beginning to blend -Begin to recognise some red words.	-Some exposure to set 2 sounds and write with set 1 soundsDitties 1-10 -Begin to recognise some red words.	-Confident with set 2 sounds. Reading green RWI books. -Read 11 Red words.	ELG Say a sound for each letter of the alphabet and at least 10 digraphs. Read words consistent with their phonic knowledge by sound-blending. Read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic

Literacy Writing	-Use emergent writing in their playTrace name and begin to record some letters of their name independentlyHear some initial sound in words and use them to write lists and labelsWrite CVC words with the support of elkonin boxesGive meaning to marks and begin to record some correct sounds in words maybe only the initial sound.	-Begin to record more sounds in words, initial, middle and final soundsWrite CVC words unsupportedBegin to write phrasesBegin to form many of the letters taught correctlyRecognise upper-case letters.	-Begin to form most of the letters taught correctlyUse upper-case letters in writing, many of which will be correctly formedWrite simple sentences -Use finger spaces between our words -Use a capital letter at the start of our sentence.	ELG Write recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed. Spell words by identifying sounds in them and representing the sounds with a letter or letters. Write simple phrases and sentences that can be read by others.
Mathematics	-Understand that English text is written and read left to right and top to bottomBegin to form some letters taught correctlyRecognise numbers 1-5	-Recognise numbers up to 10.	-Recall addition facts for 1-5.	ELG
Number	-Count objects, actions and soundsSubitise - numbers 1-5Identify different representations of 1-5Compare and order numbers 1-5Explore the composition of numbers 1-3Begin to use language of more and fewer and compare groups of objectsIdentify one more and one less than numbers up to 5.	-Make amounts and count objects up to 10.  -Count objects, pictures, actions and sounds up to 10.  -Begin to subitise beyond 5.  -Understand the 'one more than/one less than' relationship between consecutive numbers.  -Explore the composition of Numbers to 10.	-Recall subtraction facts for 1-5 -Recall addition and subtraction facts for 10Begin to recognise numbers beyond 10Explore adding and taking away using + and = symbols.	Children at the expected level of development will:  • Have a deeper understanding of number to 10, including the composition of each number.  • Subitise (recognise quantities without counting) up to 5.  Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) number bonds to 10, including double facts.
Mathematics Numerical Patterns	-Count to 10 (and beyond) -Continue, copy and create repeating patterns ABABCompare numbers -Use the vocabulary: more and fewer.	-Count to 20Compare numbersUse the vocabulary more than, the same as and less thanDouble numbers and learn double facts	-Count beyond 20Explore the relationship between odd and even numbersUnderstand the concept of sharing and share amounts into equal groups.	ELG: Children at the expected level of development will: Verbally count beyond 20, recognising the pattern of the counting system. Compare quantities up to 10 in different contexts, recognising when one quantity is greater than, less than or the same as the other quantity. Explore and represent patterns

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				within numbers up to 10, including evens and odds, double facts and how quantities can be distributed equally.
Shape, space and measures	-Sequence events in their dayDescribe and order a simple routine from the school dayNaming and describing 2D shapes - circle, rectangle, square and triangleKnow the difference between night and day.	-Comparing capacity (full and empty) -Comparing weight (heavier and lighter) -Comparing and ordering height (taller and shorter) -Naming and describing 3D shapes - cone, sphere, cube, cuboid	-Exploring shapes and arrangements with 2D shapesExploring using shapes to make new shapesUsing positional language to describe the position of an object.	
UTW Past & Present	Changes in living history/memory - Looking at floor book and talking about what we have done in the pastPlace people and events in a chronological framework: -Sequence pictures from a baby to how they are nowMatch objects to people of different ages. I- can recognise and describe similarities and differences, continuity and change: -Recognise the difference between past and present in their own and others' livesTalking to Mrs Harper about role in society	Significant historical events, people and places. Historical enquiry-non fiction -Compare pirate ships from the past and ships now. Such as sails/engines, sizeI know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now -Understands questions such as who, why, when, where and how.  Changes in living history/memory - Looking at floor book and talking about what we have done in the past.	-Identify and describe reasons for and results of events, situations and changes: -Talk about their recent visit. Recount saying why it happenedAsk questions to find out more and understand: -Learn about food from the past- no fast food, no fridge to keep things fresh, more home grown, less choice -Understanding of growth, decay and changes over time (Growing some food, Life cycle of a butterfly)	ELG: Children at the expected level of development will: Talk about the lives of the people around them and their roles in society. Know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class. Understand the past through settings, characteristics and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling.
	Significant historical events -Describe characteristic ideas, beliefs and attitudes of different cultures over time: -Know about similarities and differences between themselves and others, and among families, communities and traditions. (Bonfire night, Diwali, Christmas etc.)			

	Talk shout the significance of	Reception curriculum 11 ogi		1
	-Talk about the <b>significance</b> of historical eventsDescribe an event from their past that is important to them e.g. birthday, wedding, Diwali, Christmas (in January)The lives of significant individuals in the past (Guy Fawkes, soldiers - Remembrance) -Compare and contrast characters from stories including figures from the past			
UTW People, Culture & Communities	RE theme: Special people.  -Talk about people that are special to me e.g. family and friends  -Look at qualities of a good friend.  -Learn how some people have different beliefs to us.  -Begin to identify the different faiths.  RE theme: Special stories  -Hear and recall stories from different faiths about special people.  -Respond to stories from different faiths and talk about the different messages.  -Begin to recognise how different faiths celebrate special festivals e.g.  Diwali, Eid, Christmas and why they are important to them.  -Recognise people in the community that help us  Locational knowledge  -Know the name of my school and the area that I live in/name of town school is in. VOCAB: town, road, path, church, temple, synagogue, school, home, house, flat, field.	RE theme: Special places What places are special and why? -Identify places which are special to usIdentify some religious buildings and the religion they belong toIdentify some simple features of a mosque, temple and church.  RE theme: Which times are special and whyIdentify special times for usTalk and learn about why Easter time is special for ChristiansTalk and learn about why Eid is a special time for Christians.  Geographical skills and fieldwork -Use simple features to identify features on a map - create a treasure map.  Place knowledge -Features of their own environment compare with features of an island	RE theme: What is special about our world and why.  -Talk about things that they find puzzling and interestingLearn that some people believe God created this wonderful worldHere and talk about similarities and differences in creation stories Talk about their own experiences and feelings about the world -Identify ways to care for the world and how it makes them feel -Begin to think about how different faiths care about the world.  Place knowledge -Identify to know that there are hot and cold areas of the world -Look at appropriate clothing. Food: where does food grow best? Explore food from different climates, countries.  Geographical skills and fieldwork -Comment on buildings, open spaces, roads (Google maps) -point out other	ELG: Children at the expected level of development will: Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, nonfiction texts and maps. Know some similarities and differences between different religious and cultural communities in this country, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class. Explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, non-fiction texts and when appropriate maps.

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	-Visit to the farm- talk about modes of	-Recognise and describe some	countries on the globe or world map.	
	transport	environments that are different to the	-Create and follow a simple map.	
	-Look on Google maps to see the	one that we live in.		
	route/distance needed to travel	-Identify the UK on a globe and map of	Human and physical	
	-Look at the journey Mary and Joseph	the world- look at the oceans, how they have different names.	-Describe some actions which people in	
	took to Bethlehem- where is	-Compare children here with children in	their own communities do that help to	
	Bethlehem? Look at map.	other parts of the world. Similarities	maintain the area that they live in.	
		and differences between children in	Such as: keeping their gardens tidy,	
	Geographical skills and fieldwork	their class.	putting rubbish in the bin, park keepers	
	Tour of school	-Is the area we live in 'busy' or 'quiet',	looking after the park- cutting the	
	-Know that ariel view maps are taken	explore pollution- close to motorway.	grass, refuse collectors empting the	
	from above-like a Bird's eye view.	Human and physical	bins, road sweepers	
	-Follow a simple map around school using pictures as cues.	Explain that human activity can		
	using pictures as cues.	influence and impact on the world,	Manmade and Natural geography	
	Human and physical	meaning things can happen as a result	-Explore and know the signs of Summer	
	-Talk about seasonal and daily weather	of our actions. (links with leaving	Identify differences between	
	changes.	rubbish on the beach/floor and not put	seasons- Summer-hot, sunny. Winter-	
	-Understand the effects of changing	in a bin or taken home) Questions- what	cold, frost, snow	
	seasons and the signs of Autumn.	<u> </u>		
	-	would happen if we left all of our		
	Manmade and Natural geography	rubbish on the beach?		
	-Explore and know the signs of autumn.	Manmade and Natural geography		
		-Explore and know the signs of		
		Winter/ Spring		
UTW	The natural world	The natural world	The natural world	ELG:
The Natural	-Make observations outside (exploring	- Describe natural environments	-Compare contrasting environments	Children at the expected level of
World	their new outdoor environment)	different to their own	-Know how to care for the natural	development will:
	-Collect objects	(beach, forest)	environment around them.	Explore the natural world around
	-Find and label objects in the natural	-Identify ways to care for the	-Explain why and how things happen.	them, making observations and
	world.	environment.		drawing pictures of animals and
	-Collect objects identifying when they	-Observe and label a simple life cycle -	Perform simple tests	plants.
	are the same/ different	life cycle of a chick.	-Describe features of plants and the	Know some similarities and
		-Show care and respect for living	lifecycle of a plant	differences between the natural
	Perform simple tests	things.		world around them and contrasting
	-Exploring using simple equipment.		Observing closely, using simple	environments, drawing on their
	Children to be introduced to simple	Perform simple tests	equipment	experiences and what has been read

Reception	Curriculum	Progression	Map
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	equipment to develop observational skills- magnifying glasses, microscopes.  -Using our senses to describe likes and dislikes.  -Observe the change of state (cooking, ice in colder weather)  -Explore different materials.  Observing closely, using simple equipment  -Observing and exploring the signs of Autumn.  -Make observations about how people are the same and how people are different.  -Describe and label what they see, feel and hear.  Identify and classify  -Naming the parts of the body and describing what they are used for.  -Talk about animals from their own experiences.  -Make representations of animals.  -Being exposed to a range of different materials.	-Perform simple tests with support (Water play using magnets, bending and stretching, floating and sinking).  Observing closely, using simple equipment -Identify similarities and differences between animals  Identify and classify -Begin to sort objects by their own criteria -Identify the names of different objectsUse some words to describe how different objects feel -Identify some common materials (wool, wood, glass) and identify where some of these materials come fromDescribe materials using scientific enquiry.  Make observations and talk about plants in the outdoor environment -Know the names of some common plants - beanstalk, sunflower, poppy, daffodil	-Observe plant growth and talk about the different stages of growthLearn how to take care of a plantExplain in detail changes they observe (lifecycle of caterpillar)  Identify and classify -Name and identify animals (farm animals, pets, animals found in a zoo) -Name and describe unfamiliar animalsIdentify and describe where these animals might live. (habitats) -Describe some key features of some animals e.g. wings, legs, fur etcDescribe the basic needs of animals - food, water, shelter -Draw diagrams of animals and plants -Sort animals using simple criteria's	in class. Understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons and changing states of matter.
EAD	Drawing:	Drawing:	Drawing:	ELG:
Creating with Materials	-Enjoy using graphic tools, fingers, hands, chalk, pens and pencils.	-Start to produce different patterns and textures from observations,	-Look and talk about what they have produced, describing simple techniques	Children at the expected level of development will:
	-Use and begin to control a range of	imagination and illustrations.	and media used.	Safely use and explore a variety of
	media. Draw on different surfaces and	Delication	Delications	materials, tools and techniques,
	coloured paper.	Painting:	Painting:	experimenting with colour, design,
	Dainting	-Explore working with paint on	- Look and talk about what they have	texture, form and function.
	Painting:	different surfaces and in different	produced, describing simple techniques and media used.	Share their creations, explaining the
	-Enjoy using a variety of tools including different size/size brushes and tools	ways i.e. coloured, sized and shaped	ana media usea.	process they have used.
		paper.	D&T:	Make use of props and materials when
	i.e. sponge brushes, fingers, twigsRecognise and name the primary	D&T:	<u>D &amp; 1:</u>  -Discuss their work as it progresses.	role playing characters in narratives and stories.
	, ,	· <del></del>	· -	unu stories.
	colours being used. Match colours to	-Describe simple models or drawings of	-Explore using/ holding basic tools such	

Reception Curriculum Progression Map
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		Reception Curriculum Progr		
	different artefacts and objects.	ideas and intentions.	as a saw or hammer.	
	-Begin mixing colours.	Begin to use scissors to cut straight	-Look at simple hinges, wheels and	
		and curved edges and hole pinches to	axles.	
	<u>D &amp; T:</u>	punch holes.	-Use technical vocabulary when	
	-Explain what they are making and	-Use technical vocabulary when	appropriate.	
	which materials they are using.	appropriate.	-Discuss how closely their finished	
	-Select materials from a limited range	Start to talk about changes made	products meet their design criteria.	
	that will meet a simple design criteria	during the making process.	-Make use of props and materials when	
	e.g. shiny.	-Make use of props and materials when	role playing characters in narratives	
	-Start to build structures, joining	role playing characters in narratives	and stories.	
	components together	and stories.	and stories.	
	-Use adhesives to join materials	and stories.		
	-Say what they like and do not like			
	about items they have made and			
	attempt to say why. Select and name			
	the tools needed to work the materials			
	e.g. scissors for paper.			
	-Select and name the tools needed to			
	work the materials e.g. scissors for			
	paper. Explore ideas by rearranging			
	materials.			
	-Begin to create their design using			
	basic techniques.			
	-Use technical vocabulary when			
	appropriate.			
	-Begin to talk about their designs as			
	they develop and identify good and bad			
	points.			
EAD	-Sing well-known nursery rhymes as	-Sing a range of songs with different	-Sing a range of songs matching pitch	ELG:
Being	part of a group.	beats	and melody.	Children at the expected level of
Imaginative	-Explore the sounds that different	-Use instruments to create own music	-Perform as part of a group using a	development will:
and	percussion instruments make.	-Make own clapping rhythms.	variety of instruments.	Invent, adapt and recount narratives
Expressive	-Copy simple clapping rhythms.	-Begin to move to variety music speed	-Move in time to music (if appropriate).	and stories with peers and their
•	-Listen attentively to a variety of	and volume.		teacher.
	music.			Sing a range of well-known nursery
	-Engage in role- play and small world			rhymes and songs.
	play.	-Engage in pretend play, using props and	-Engage in collaborative pretend play	Perform songs, rhymes, poems and
	-Learn new songs and revisit them	pretending and using objects for other	with others using a narrative in their	stories with others, and - when
	often	purposes.	role-play and small world play.	appropriate - try to move in time with
	-Call and response songs	F F	The play and small world play.	music.
	Can and response songs			masic.

-Use instruments to make loud and quiet sounds.
-Copy clapping rhythms that have change of pace and volume.
-Listen and express how a variety of music makes us feel.
-Engage in pretend role-play and small world play, using props and taking on a role.

Children will engage in a Christmas performance and end of year performance which will offer the opportunities to sing and dance. Throughout the year the children to have opportunities to observe different styles of dance and music performances; to say how these performances make them feel and; to express likes and dislikes.