Year 1	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	All about me	Festivals	Weather/Water	Walsall	The Great Fire of	Toys
					London	•
Reading	Word reading		Word reading		Word reading	
J	I can recognise set 1, 2 sounds		I can read green words contain	ning the following suffixes:	I can read most of the words	on the year 1 red word
	I can use my sounds to 'fred	talk' unfamiliar words.	ed /ing /est /er /es /s		list and identify why they are	common exception words
	I can re-read familiar books	to increase my fluency	I can 'chunk' longer green word	ds containing sounds that I	words.	
	and confidence.		know.		Reading for pleasure	
	Reading for pleasure		I can read words with contrac		I have listened to and discuss	
	I can link what I read/hear t		apostrophe represents missing	_	stories, poems and non-fiction	n text beyond those which
	I can recognise and join in wi	th predictable phrases.	I can read aloud my RWI book	S.	I can read myself.	
	<u>Comprehension</u>		Reading for pleasure		I am becoming familiar with a	
	I can predict what might ha	ppen in a story based on	-		traditional tales and fairy sto	
	what has happened so far.		Comprehension		I can recite some poems and	
	Common exception words	.1 (1	I can use my own knowledge or	intormation the teacher	I can link new word meanings to those I already know.	
	the a to said are was is I you	u your they be he we me	tells me to understand books. I can check that my reading makes sense and correct it		Comprehension The second distance of the second se	
	she by my full pull		when it doesn't.	akes sense and correct it	I can understand (infer) how what is said and done gives me information. Common exception words	
			I can talk about the title and e	overete in a basile		
			I can join in with discussions about what has been read, taking turns and listening to others. I can explain clearly my understanding of what has been read. Common exception words		says love come some house one once friend school	
					says love come some nouse on	e once IT lend school
			do today of were his has no go	so here there where		
Writing	Spelling		Spelling		Spelling	
	I can spell words using set1 &	ds using set1 &2 I can understand and use suffixes 's' and 'es'.		ixes 's' and 'es'.	I can spell words using set 1/	2/3 sounds.
	I can name the letters of th	ie alphabet in order.	er. I can use the suffixes 'ing' 'ed' and 'est'.		I can spell most words from the Y1 high frequency wor	
	I can write from memory a se	I can write from memory a sentence my teacher tells		<u>Handwriting</u>		
	me.		I can sit correctly at a table a	nd hold a pencil comfortably	I can spell the days of the we	
	<u>Handwriting</u>		and correctly.		I can use letter names to dist	
	I am beginning to form lower		I can form capital letters.		alternative spellings of the sc	
	I can form numbers 0-9 correctly.		Composition		I can understand and use the	prefix 'un'.
				ally before I start to write.	Handwriting	
	I can say out loud what I am		I can write sentences in order to form short stories.		I know which letters belong t	o which handwriting
	I can discuss what I have written with others.		I can read my writing aloud so others can hear me.		families.	
	Vocabulary, Grammar, Punctuation		Vocabulary, Grammar, Punct		Composition	la al carta de la carta de
	I can leave spaces between n			I am beginning to punctuate using a capital letter and a full		k that it makes sense.
		using a tuli stop.	stop. Common exception words		Vocabulary, Grammar, Punctuation	
	I am beginning to punctuate of	following tarminals			I can join 2 ideas in my sentence using 'and'.	
	I can understand and use the	e following terminology		so hare there where		
	I can understand and use the when discussing my work.		Common exception words do today of were his has no go	so here there where	I am beginning to punctuate u	ising a capital letter and a
	I can understand and use the			so here there where		sing a capital letter and a clamation mark.

	year 1 Curriculum Knowledge and Skills Progression Map						
	she by my full pull		Common exception words				
			says love come some house one once friend school				
Maths	Place Value (within 10)	Addition and subtraction (within 20)	Multiplication and Division (continued)				
	count to and across 10, forwards and backwards,	read, write and interpret mathematical statements	solve one-step problems involving multiplication and				
	beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number	involving addition (+), subtraction (–) and equals (=) signs	division, by calculating the answer using concrete				
	count, read and write numbers to 10 in numerals	represent and use number bonds and related subtraction	objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the				
	count in multiples of 2s, 5s and 10s	facts within 20	support of the teacher				
	given a number, identify 1 more and 1 less	add and subtract one-digit to 10, including 0	Fractions				
	identify and represent numbers using objects and	solve one-step problems that involve addition and	recognise, find and name a half as 1 of 2 equal parts of				
	pictorial representations including the number line, and	subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial	an object, shape or quantity				
	use the language of: equal to, more than, less than	representations, and missing number problems such as $7 = ?$	recognise, find and name a quarter as 1 of 4 equal parts				
	(fewer), most, least	- 9	of an object, shape or quantity				
	read and write numbers from 1 to 10 in numerals and	Place Value (within 50)	Place Value (within 100)				
	words	count to and across 50, forwards and backwards, beginning	count to and across 100, forwards and backwards,				
	Addition and subtraction (within 10)	with 0 or 1, or from any given number	beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number				
	read, write and interpret mathematical statements	count, read and write numbers to 50 in numerals	count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals				
	involving addition (+), subtraction (-) and equals (=) signs	count in multiples of 2s, 5s and 10s	count in multiples of 2s, 5s and 10s				
	represent and use number bonds and related	given a number, identify 1 more and 1 less	given a number, identify 1 more and 1 less				
	subtraction facts within 10	identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial	identify and represent numbers using objects and				
	add and subtract one-digit to 10, including 0	representations including the number line, and use the	pictorial representations including the number line, and				
	solve one-step problems that involve addition and	language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most,	use the language of: equal to, more than, less than				
	subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial	least	(fewer), most, least				
	representations, and missing number problems such as 7	read and write numbers from 1 to 50 in numerals and words	read and write numbers from 1 to 100 in numerals and				
	= ? - 9	Measure - Length and Height and Volume and Mass	words				
	Shape	compare, describe and solve practical problems for:	Geometry - position and direction				
	recognise and name common 2-D and 3-D shapes,	lengths and heights [for example, long/short,	direction and movement, including whole, half, quarter				
	including:	longer/shorter, tall/short, double/half]	and three-quarter turns				
	2-D shapes [for example, rectangles (including squares),	capacity and volume [for example, full/empty, more than,	Measure - money and time				
	circles and triangles]	less than, half, half full, quarter]	compare, describe and solve practical problems for:				
	3-D shapes [for example, cuboids (including cubes),	mass/weight [for example, heavy/light, heavier than,	time [for example, quicker, slower, earlier, later]				
	pyramids and spheres]	lighter than]	measure and begin to record the following:				
	Place Value (within 20)	measure and begin to record the following:	time (hours, minutes, seconds)				
	count to and across 20, forwards and backwards,	lengths and heights, capacity and volume, mass/weight	recognise and know the value of different denominations				
	beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number		of coins and notes				
	count, read and write numbers to 20 in numerals	Multiplication and Division	sequence events in chronological order using language				
	count in multiples of 2s, 5s and 10s	solve one-step problems involving multiplication and	[for example, before and after, next, first, today,				
	given a number, identify 1 more and 1 less	division, by calculating the answer using concrete objects,	yesterday, tomorrow, morning, afternoon and evening]				
	identify and represent numbers using objects and	pictorial representations and arrays with the support of	recognise and use language relating to dates, including				
	pictorial representations including the number line, and	the teacher	days of the week, weeks, months and years				
	use the language of: equal to, more than, less than		tell the time to the hour and half past the hour and draw				
	(fewer), most, least		the hands on a clock face to show these times				
	read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals and						
	words						

Science	Animals (incl humans) - I know the parts of the human body, can draw a picture of it and name the parts. I know which part of the body	Materials - I know the name of an object and the name of the material it is made from will be different I know the names of	Animals -I can identify and name a variety of common fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals. - I can describe the	Plants -I can name some plants that I often see in the garden and the countryside as well as some trees that drop	Materials - I can describe the simple physical properties of a variety of everyday materials I can compare the	Plants -I can name some plants that I often see in the garden and the countryside as well as some trees that drop
	helps me hear, taste and smell. * Seasonal changes – Trip to look at the seasonal changes in the local environment.	some materials that I see every day inc wood, plastic, glass, metal, water and rock	different shape and form of a number of animals that I see including my pet(s).	their leaves and some that don't. * Seasonal changes - Trip to look at the seasonal changes in the local environment.	simple physical properties of a variety of everyday materials and group similar ones together.	their leaves and some that don't I understand the inside of some plants and trees and how they grow, which I can explain to others
	objects of items togethe	r .	- I can use simple equipment			
			what I have seenI can fin		ľ	•
	All about me	<u>Festivals</u>	<u>Weather/Water</u>	<u>Walsall</u>	The Great Fire of	Toys
	Arboretum	Geography	<u>Geography</u>	Visits to Art Gallery,	London	Cannock Chase Toy
	<u>Geography</u>	No stand-alone	Human and physical	Arboretum, shops,	<u>Geography</u>	museum
10.	No stand-alone	geography lessons.	geography	building, canal	Locational knowledge	<u>Geography</u>
History/	geography lessons.	Linked to science -	- Identify seasonal and	<u>Geography</u>	- Name, locate and	Locational knowledge
Geography	Linked to science - weather and seasonal	weather and seasonal	daily weather patterns in	Locational knowledge	identify characteristics of the four countries	- Name, locate and
	changes	changes	the United Kingdom Geographical skills and	-Name, locate and identify characteristics	and capital cities of the	identify characteristics of the four countries
	changes		fieldwork	- of their locality	United Kingdom and its	and capital cities of the
		<u>History</u>	- Use aerial photographs	Human and physical	surrounding seas	United Kingdom and its
	History	- Changes within living	and plan perspectives to	geography	Human and physical	surrounding seas
	Recap on prior learning	memory. Where	recognise basic human	- Use basic geographical	geography	Geographical skills and
	from EYFS- how we	appropriate, these should be used to	and physical features;	vocabulary to refer to:	- Use basic	fieldwork
	change as we grow.	reveal aspects of	devise a simple map;	Key human features,	geographical vocabulary	- Use aerial
		change in national life	- Use basic geographical	including: town, factory	to refer to key physical	photographs and plan
		- Events beyond living	vocabulary to refer to:	house, office, shop and	features, including	perspectives to
		memory that are	key physical features,	canal	river and human	recognise landmarks
		significant nationally or	including: sea, ocean,	Geographical skills and	features including	and basic human and
		Significant nationally of	river, stream, waterfall,	fieldwork	house, city, London	physical features;

		Bonfire Night Guy Fawkes Remembrance Day	History No stand-alone history lessons in this topic. Weather Forms of water Introduction to map work - viewing from above (classroom, table plan)	recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features; History - Significant historical people and places in their own locality. Map work of school/local area Sister Dora	theatre group - Events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally [the Great Fire of London] - The lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national achievements. Great Fire of London Samuel Pepys Map work -capital city -	memory. Where appropriate, these should be used to reveal aspects of change in national life Mini topic - United Kingdom England, Wales, Scotland and Northern Ireland Capital cities
Art	Drawing dots lines reflecting different tones and thickness -	Use thumb pot technique involving	Mix paint to create all the secondary colours	Use printing technique to produce Mother's	London London landmarks Use clay to design and make products – a Tudor House	Seas/Oceans around the UK Victorian toys Use of a variety of grades of pencils for sketching and shading
	tones and thickness - investigating the qualities of pencils, pastels and pencil crayons. Demonstrate how different drawing tools can be used to make a	rolling, kneading, pinching and shaping, impressing and texturing clay. Use a simple painting program to create a pattern, using tools such as fill and use of	Know about a famous artist and their work and create a picture based upon an artist using different brush sizes and types (Hokusai)	Day cards. Know about the work of a range of artists, (Van Gogh) Know about the work of artists in different times and cultures -	Tudor House. Build on to clay by cross hatching and use of "slip". Use tools and techniques to add texture to clay	sketching and shading to show tone and texture (using a variety of drawing techniques such as: hatching, scribbling, stippling, and blending to create light/ dark lines) Drawing old and new toys. Describe them.

	wide range of marks. Know about the work of artists - Expressionists (e.g. Look at famous expressionist artists work portraying emotions (e.g. Jawlensky) and link this to the children's work Use colour to represent different emotions in my work. Draw and paint from observation, a self-portrait using appropriate colours. Use art, craft and design techniques - Tile Printing.	Smudge and blend materials and colours together - apply these to materials and processes to create firework pictures. Use design skills of - colour, shape, pattern when producing Celebration Cards (Christmas and Eid?)	Use art, craft and design techniques - weaving, working with a partner. Sort threads and fabrics by colour and texture Use the 'under, over' technique	(Edwin Butler Bayliss) Use pencils, pastels and pencil crayons to draw lines of varying tones and thickness Know about the work of artists, in different times and cultures - LS Lowry. Create a picture based on his work using different brush sizes and types Describe what they can see and like in the work of another artist	Gather and sort, cut, tear and glue a combination of materials including card, fabric, plastic, tissue, magazines, crepe paper etc. to create a frieze of The Great Fire of London. Explore the use of line, shape and colour Use pencils, pens and charcoal to create patterns, lines, shapes and forms that show the patterns found in wood. Using drawing to develop and share ideas	Look at observational drawings of toys and discuss. Evaluate drawings. What do you like? What would you change Gather and sort the materials needed to design and make puppets E.g. Paper Plate Puppets, Wooden Spoon Puppets etc. Add texture by mixing materials Research, plan, design and make models
DT	Sensational Salads To use the basic principles of a healthy and varied diet to prepare dishes safely and hygienically, without using a heat source understand where food comes from Begin to understand that all food comes from plants or animals Begin to understand		Kites Focus - structures Begin to understand the development of existing products: What they are for, how they work, materials used. Start to suggest ideas and explain what they are going to do. Begin to make their design using appropriate techniques. With help measure, mark	Moving pictures Focus - mechanisms Easter Cards -Begin to draw on their own experience to help generate ideas and research conducted on criteriaUnderstand how to identify a target group for what they intend to design and make based on a design criteria -Begin to develop their		Puppets Focus - textiles (incl sewing) -Start to suggest ideas and explain what they are going to doUnderstand how to identify a target group for what they intend to design and make based on a design criteria -Begin to develop their ideas through talk and drawings.

	that everyone should	, 54. 1 54111641	out, cut and shape a	ideas through talk and		-Make templates and
	•		range of materials.	_		•
	eat at least five			drawings.		mock ups of their ideas
	portions of fruit and		Explore using tools e.g.	-Make templates and		in card and paper or
	vegetables every day.		scissors and a hole punch	mock ups of their ideas		using ICT
	-Know how to use		safely.	in card and paper or		-Begin to make their
	techniques such as		-Begin to assemble, join	using ICT		design using
	cutting, peeling and		and combine materials	-Explore and use		appropriate techniques.
	grating.		and components together	mechanisms[for		-Begin to assemble, join
			using a variety of	example, levers, sliders,		and combine materials
			temporary methods e.g.	wheels and axles], in		and components
			glues or masking tape.	their products		together using a variety
			-Begin to use simple			of temporary methods
			finishing techniques to			e.g. glues or masking
			improve the appearance			tape.
			of their product.			-Begin to use simple
			-Start to evaluate their			finishing techniques to
			product by discussing how			improve the appearance
			well it works in relation			of their product
			to the purpose and			-Begin to evaluate their
			possible changes they			products as they are
			might make. (design			developed, identifying
			criteria).			strengths and possible
			,			changes they might
						make.
Computing	Online Safety &	Grouping and sorting	Lego Builders	Maze Explorers	Coding	Spreadsheets
	Exploring Purple Mash	& Pictograms	Children know that an	Using 2Go, children can	Children can both give	Using the 2Calculate
	Children demonstrate	Children can physically	algorithm is a set of	use simple direction	and receive verbal	spreadsheet, children
	an understanding of	sort, collate, edit,	instructions used to solve	keys in conjunction with	instruction to achieve a	can save and open
	the importance of	present, search	a problem or	a number pad	simple outcome such	sheets. Most Children
	online safety, using	through, re-order and	achieve an objective.	to move an on-screen	as getting from one	will be able to save
	their own private	restructure items using	Children know that an	character to specific	point of the classroom	their 2Calculate files,
	usernames and	a range of given	algorithm written for a	locations on a screen.	to the other whilst	using a memorable file
	passwords for Purple	criteria. Using Purple	computer to follow is	They demonstrate that	avoiding obstacles.	name, to their own
	Mash. children will be	Mash, children can sort	called a program. Children	their sequence of	Furthermore, they can	personal space on
	able to demonstrate an	items into three clearly	can debug a very simple	buttons relates to their	use printed block-based	Purple Mash and
	understanding of the	defined groups using	set of printed	thinking of how to solve	code to also articulate	understand that this
	reasons for keeping	given Criteria. Most	instructions for a recipe,	a problem of getting	a simple set of	can be
	their password private	children can sort	the	character from point A	instructions. They will	retrieved later. They
	including talking about	physical objects using a	approach they use should	to point B. They will	use simple code to make	can enter data into
	the meaning of 'private	range of criteria e.g.,	entail breaking the	create and debug a set	a computer program and	cells, manipulate data
	The meaning of private	range of criticity e.g.,	Citian bi caking the	ci care and debug a ser	a comparer program and	cons, mamparare dara

C	nformation' and actively demonstrate this in lessons. They will create an avatar with a picture and add a name to it. They will understand the mportance of saving work to a private space.	shape: Number of sides, colour, equal length sides etc. They can apply this skill within Purple Mash using the range of sorting activities with more than one criterion. They will understand that data can be represented with pictures and record results as a pictogram.	instructions into smaller parts to support interpretation. They will consider how the order of instructions can affect the results.	of instructions (algorithym).	understand how code executes when a program is run/	using the 'move cell' tool, count items and use the image toolbox to add clipart.
† () () () () () () () () () (Pulse and Rhythm Clap the rhythm of their name. Clap in time to music. Sing the overall shape of a melody. Play in time to music. Copy and create rhythms based on word patterns. Play on the pulse.	Classical Music- Dynamics and tempo (Theme Animals) Observe others and try to play appropriately. Sing in time from memory, with some accuracy. Play either a call and/or a response role in time with another pupil. Keep a steady pulse. Improvise, using their instrument, to a given stimulus	Musical vocabulary (Under the Sea) Make movements that are appropriate to the pulse and tempo of a piece of music. Choose instruments with appropriate timbre to represent sparkling fishes. Respond to dynamic changes in a piece of music. Create pitches and rhythms. Perform a layer of the music within an overall piece. Define all the musical terms from this unit.	Timbre and rhythmic Patterns (Theme: Fairy tales) Chant the well-known phrase, "I'll huff" Make changes to their voices to represent a character. Choose a suitable sound to represent a specific point in a story. Play a rhythmic pattern along with their spoken words. Identify and hold up the correct sign to correspond to some music. Play/chant along with the elements of a story with prompting from the teacher	Pitch and tempo (Theme: Superheroes) Explain what pitch means. Identify whether a note is higher or lower. Create a pattern using two pitches, then play or sing it. Explain what tempo means. Identify simple tempo changes in music. Perform a pattern that gradually gets faster (accelerando). Contribute to a group composition and performance by creating, selecting, combining and performing sounds. Suggest improvements to their work	Vocal and body sounds (Theme: By the Sea) Create movements that match the music, explaining why they are moving in that way. Identify descriptive sounds within the music. Recreate and then adapt descriptive sounds heard using their voice or body. Make appropriate instrument choices to represent a descriptive sound. Control instruments and voices to make both quiet and loud sounds. Follow simple instructions during a group performance. Create their own graphic score and play from it.

			an knowledge and Okn	The state of the s		Make more than one sound on their instrument and with their voice
PE	Sending & Receiving	Dance	Gymnastics	Invasion	Striking & Fielding	Athletics
	Pupils will develop their	Pupils will explore	In this unit pupils learn	Pupils develop the basic	Pupils develop their	In this unit, pupils will
	sending and receiving	travelling actions,	to use space safely and	skills required in	basic understanding of	develop skills required
	skills including throwing	movement skills and	effectively. They explore	invasion games such as	striking and fielding	in athletic activities
	and catching, rolling,	balancing. They will	and develop basic	sending, receiving and	games such as Rounders	such as running at
	kicking, tracking and	understand why it is	gymnastic actions on the	dribbling a ball. They	and Cricket. They learn	different speeds,
	stopping a ball. Pupils	important to count to	floor and using low	develop understanding	skills including throwing	changing direction,
	will be given	music and use this in	apparatus. Basic skills of	of attacking and	and catching, stopping a	jumping and throwing.
	opportunities to work	their dances. Pupils will	jumping, rolling, balancing	defending and what	rolling ball, retrieving a	In all athletic based
	with a range of	copy and repeat actions	and travelling are used	being 'in possession'	ball and striking a ball.	activities, pupils will
	different sized balls.	linking them together	individually and in	means. They have the	They are given	engage in performing
	They will apply their	to make short dance	combination to create	opportunity to play	opportunities to play	skills and measuring
	skills individually, in	phrases. Pupils will work	movement phrases. Pupils	uneven and even sided	one against one, one	performance, competing
	pairs and in small	individually and with a	are given opportunities to	games. They learn how	against two, and one	to improve on their own
	groups and begin to	partner to create ideas	select their own actions	to score points in these	against three. They	score and against
	organise and self-	in relation to the	to build short sequences	types of games and how	learn how to score	others. They are given
	manage their own	theme. Pupils will be	and develop their	to play to the rules.	points and how to use	opportunities to work
	activities. They will	given the opportunity	confidence in performing.	They work	simple tactics. They	collaboratively as well
	understand the	to perform and also to	Pupils begin to	independently, with a	learn the rules of the	as independently.
	importance of abiding	provide feedback,	understand the use of	partner and in a small	games and use these to	
	by the rules to keep	beginning to use dance	levels, directions and	group and begin to self-	play fairly. They show	
	themselves and others	terminology to do so.	shapes when travelling	manage their own	respect towards others	
	safe.	3,	and balancing.	games, showing respect	when playing	
				and kindness towards	competitively and	
				their teammates and	develop communication	
				opponents.	skills.	
RE	Introduction to the	A world of festivals	How do we say thank	you for the Earth?	Stories and pray	vers about Jesus
	following 4 main	Children will be able to:	Children should be able to:	•	Children should be able to	o:
	religions: Christianity	Talk about my own	Retell a religious story in w	ords, drama or pictures;	Know or use 6 or more ke	y words from this unit;
	Islam, Sikhi, Hinduism	celebration and	Recognise that stories from	n the Bible matter to	Recognise the importance	of the Lord's prayer for
	Children will be able to:	someone else's	Christian and Jewish people	e and that Sikhs care	Christians; Recognise a pr	rayer symbol; Retell and
	Name more than one	celebrations; Talk	about stories of Guru Nana	ık; Use vocabulary learnt	suggest a meaning for one	e of the stories; Talk
	religion; Begin to make	about 3 things that	in RE to respond sensitively	to the creation stories	about the powers of Jesu	ıs in Gospel stories; Talk
	links with support that	Hindus do to celebrate	and thanksgiving practices.		•	care, to say thank you or
	some religions have a	Diwali; Talk about an			be friendly	

pla	ace of worship and a	object Jewish people	
spe	oecial book.	use when they	
Wi	ith support begin to	celebrate Hanukah;	
tal	ılk about religions.	place pictures of the	
		Christmas story in	
		order and talk about	
		the Christmas story.	
		·	